investigates Fall From Roof

Investigation Process

What triggers an investigation by the N.C. Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Division?

- A worker's death.
- Hospitalization of an employee, an amputation or the loss of an eye.
- The department may also receive information of a fatality or catastrophe from media reports or referrals from other government agencies.

How is the NCDOL OSH Division notified?

 An employer must notify NCDOL within eight hours of any work-related fatality. In-patient hospitalizations of one or more employees, any work-related amputation, and any work-related loss of an eye must be reported within 24 hours.

What will the investigation focus on?

• The investigation will usually be limited to the events surrounding the accident unless observations at the site indicate a broader investigation is needed.

What will happen during the investigation?

- An OSH investigator will go to the accident site and collect physical evidence, including photographs.
- The investigator will interview employees, witnesses and management officials about the accident to determine its cause.
- Any violations of safety and health standards will be noted and citations will be issued.

How long will the investigation take?

• An investigation can take anywhere from a few weeks to six months, depending on the complexity of the accident.

When are investigation results disclosed?

- Citations and penalties, if issued, can be released to the public on the issuance date.
- Other contents of the file cannot be released until the case is closed or final order on citations is rendered.



Josh Dobson, Commissioner

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Employees work on a house without fall protection. The employer should provide a fall protection system for all employees exposed to fall hazards.

The Investigation

OSH investigators will seek to determine several factors, including whether:

- Fall protection was provided for employees working on roofs 6 or more feet above lower levels.
- Guardrail systems included a toprail and midrail.
- The employer developed a training program for employees who might be exposed to fall hazards.
- Employees were trained on fall hazards.
- Personal protective equipment included slip-resistant steel-toed work shoes, hard hat and a personal fall arrest system.
- Ladders used to access a roof were inspected for structural defects.

Standards: 29 CFR 1926.500 Fall Protection Equipment

Industry Type: Construction **Accident Type:** Fall from roof

Statistical Data: Based on OFIR, falls from roofs caused five worker deaths in calendar years 2019 and

2020.

What programs does the Department of Labor have in place to prevent falls?

Construction special emphasis program: Increased training and attention in a dangerous industry. Free training: Workshops, training and consultation in both English and Spanish. Publications: Brochures and industry guides that address fall protection.